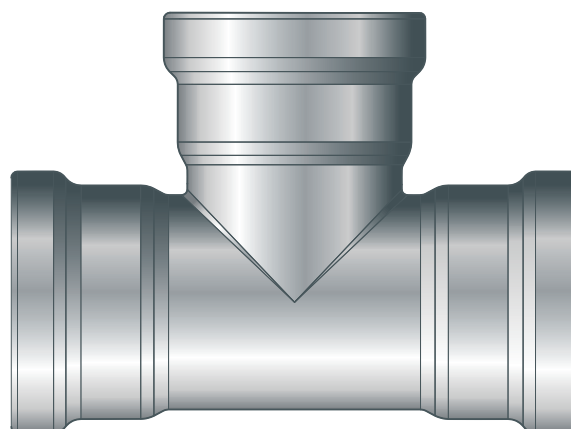
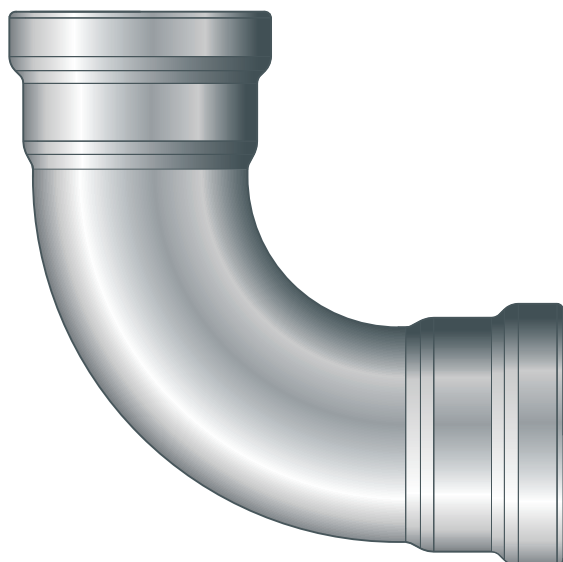
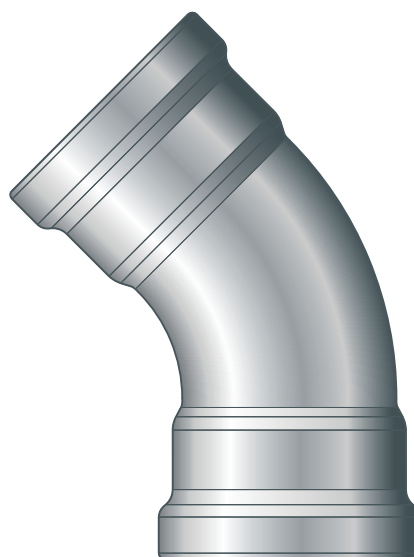
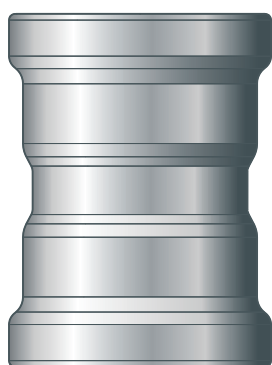


Instructions for Use

Sanpress Inox XL



Press connector system made of stainless steel with stainless steel pipes

System
Sanpress Inox XL

Year built (from)
01/2010

viega

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1 About these instructions for use

Trade mark rights exist for this document; for further information, go to viega.com/legal.

1.1 Target groups

The information in this manual is directed at heating and sanitary professionals and trained personnel.

Individuals without the abovementioned training or qualification are not permitted to mount, install and, if required, maintain this product. This restriction does not extend to possible operating instructions.

The installation of Viega products must take place in accordance with the general rules of engineering and the Viega instructions for use.

1.2 Labelling of notes

Warning and advisory texts are set aside from the remainder of the text and are labelled with the relevant pictographs.



DANGER!

This symbol warns of possible life-threatening injury.



WARNING!

This symbol warns of possible serious injury.



CAUTION!

This symbol warns of possible injury.



NOTICE!

This symbol warns of possible damage to property.



This symbol gives additional information and hints.

1.3 About this translated version

This instruction for use contains important information about the choice of product or system, assembly and commissioning as well as intended use and, if required, maintenance measures. The information about the products, their properties and application technology are based on the current standards in Europe (e.g. EN) and/or in Germany (e.g. DIN/DVGW).

Some passages in the text may refer to technical codes in Europe/Germany. These should serve as recommendations in the absence of corresponding national regulations. The relevant national laws, standards, regulations, directives and other technical provisions take priority over the German/European directives specified in this manual: The information herein is not binding for other countries and regions; as said above, they should be understood as a recommendation.

2 Product information



These instructions for use contain videos

Some assembly and action steps are shown using the example of a piping system other than the one described here, but are equally applicable.

2.1 Standards and regulations

The following standards and regulations apply to Germany / Europe. National regulations can be found on the website specific to your country at viega.com.au/standards.

Regulations from section: Intended use

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Creation of potable-water installations	DIN 1988-200
Creation of potable-water installations	EN 806-2
Regulation on material selection	DIN EN 12502-1
Regulation on material selection	Metall-Bewertungsgrundlage (UBA)

Regulations from section: Application areas

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Planning, construction, operation and maintenance of water extinguishing systems ■ Wet	DIN 14462
Sprinkler units depending on the sealing element ■ Wet With EPDM sealing element ■ Wet / dry with FKM sealing element ■ Dry with FKM sealing element	VdS CEA 4001
Planning, execution, operation and maintenance of potable-water installations	DIN EN 1717
Planning, execution, operation and maintenance of potable-water installations	DIN 1988
Planning, execution, operation and maintenance of potable-water installations	VDI/DVGW 6023
Planning, execution, operation and maintenance of potable-water installations	Trinkwasserverordnung (TrinkwV)

Regulations from section: Media

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Suitability for potable water	DIN 1988-200
Suitability for potable water	EN 806-2
Suitability for heating water for pump hot water heating systems	VDI-Richtlinie 2035, Sheet 1 and Sheet 2

Regulations from section: Sealing elements

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Area of application of the EPDM sealing element ■ Heating	DIN EN 12828

Regulations from section: Corrosion

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Regulations for external corrosion protection	DIN EN 806-2
Regulations for external corrosion protection	DIN 1988-200
Creation of potable-water installations	DIN 1988-200
Creation of potable-water installations	DIN EN 806-2
Regulation on material selection	DIN EN 12502

Regulations from section: Storage

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Requirements for material storage	DIN EN 806-4, Chapter 4.2

Regulations from section: Establishing a flange connection

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Qualification of personnel for the assembly of flange connections	VDI-Richtlinie 2290
Determination of tightening torques	DIN EN 1591-1

Regulations from section: Leakage test

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Test on a system that is finished but not yet covered	DIN EN 806-4
Leakage test for water installations	ZVSHK-Merkblatt: "Dichtheitsprüfungen von Trinkwasserinstallationen mit Druckluft, Inertgas oder Wasser"

Regulations from section: Maintenance

Scope / Notice	Regulations applicable in Germany
Operation and maintenance of potable-water installations	DIN EN 806-5

2.2 Intended use



The press connector system is suitable for the construction of potable water installations in accordance with applicable directives, taking into account material selection in accordance with applicable directives and the Federal Environment Agency's assessment policy for metallic materials in contact with potable water, see [Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5](#). For use in other areas of application and in case of doubt over the correct material selection, contact Viega.



The expression "SC-Contur" appearing in the instructions for use means "Smart Connect Feature".

2.2.1 Areas of application

The press connector system is designed for nominal pressure PN 16.

Use is possible in the following areas among others:

- Potable water installation
- Industrial and heating installations
- Sprinkler systems (no certification for d 64), see [Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5](#)
 - Wet
 - wet/dry
 - Dry
- Water extinguishing systems, see [Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5](#)
 - Wet
- Solar installations with flat collectors
- Solar installations with vacuum tube collectors (only with FKM sealing element)
- Compressed air systems
- District heat supply systems in secondary circuits
(To ensure that the system is installed according to the utility company's specifications, consult with the utility company before installation.)
- Low-pressure steam systems (only with FKM sealing element)

- Cooling water pipelines (closed circuit)
- Painting systems (only with labs-free components)

For information on areas of application of the sealing elements, see [↗ Chapter 2.3.4 'Sealing elements' on page 13](#).

Potable water installation

Observe the applicable directives for planning, installation, operation and maintenance of potable water installations, see [↗ Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5](#).

Maintenance

Inform your customer or the operator of the potable water installation that the system has to be maintained on a regular basis, see [↗ Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5](#).

Sealing element

Only the EPDM sealing element is approved for potable water installations. Do not use any other sealing elements.

2.2.2 Media

The system is suitable for the following media, amongst others:

For the applicable directives, see [↗ Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5](#).

- Potable water
 - Max. chloride concentration 250 mg/l
- Heating water for pump hot water heating systems
- Compressed air in compliance with the specification of the sealing elements used
 - EPDM at oil concentration < 25 mg/m³
 -
- Anti-freeze, cooling brines up to a concentration of 50 %
- Steam in low-pressure steam systems (only with FKM sealing element)

2.3 Product description

2.3.1 Overview

The piping system consists of press connectors in connection with stainless steel pipes and the corresponding press tools.

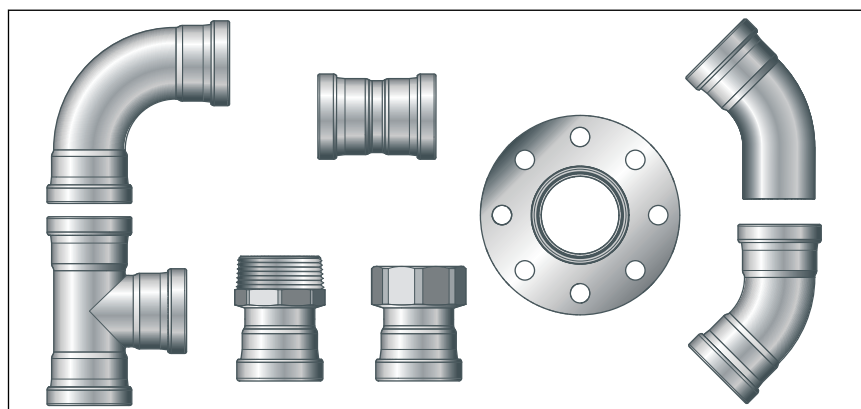


Fig. 1: Sanpress Inox XL press connectors

The system components are available in the following dimensions:
d 64.0 / 76.1 / 88.9 / 108.0.

2.3.2 Pipes

The following pipes are available from the system described:

Type of pipe	Stainless steel pipe 1.4401
d	64.0 / 76.1 / 88.9 / 108.0
Areas of application	Potable water and gas installations ^{1) 2)}
Material No.	1.4401 (X5CrNiMo 17-12-2), with 2.3 % molybdenum for increased durability
PRE value	24.1
Protective cap	Yellow

¹⁾ Gas installation only in connection with Sanpress Inox G XL- press connectors

²⁾ For more detailed information, see Areas of use for metal installation systems.

Pipe key data Sanpress XL pipe (1.440)

d x s [mm]	Volume per metre of pipe [l/m]	Pipe weight [kg/m]
64.0 x 2.0	2.83	3.04
76.1 x 2.0	4.08	3.70
88.9 x 2.0	5.66	4.34
108.0 x 2.0	8.49	5.30

Pipe key data Sanpress XL pipe (1.4401 and 1.4521)

d x s [mm]	Volume per metre of pipe [l/m]	Pipe weight [kg/m]
76.1 x 2.0	4.08	3.70
88.9 x 2.0	5.66	4.34
108.0 x 2.0	8.49	5.30

Laying and fixing pipes

Only pipe clamps with chloride-free sound insulating inlays should be used to secure the pipes.

Observe the general rules of fixing technology:

- Do not use fixed pipelines as a support for other pipelines and components.
- Do not use pipe hooks.
- Observe distance to press connectors.
- Observe the expansion direction: Plan fixed and gliding points.

Make sure to affix the pipelines in such a way as to de-couple them from the installation body, so that they cannot transfer any structure-borne sound, resulting from thermal expansion or possible pressure surges, onto the installation body or other components.

Observe the following fixing distances:

Distance between the pipe clamps

d [mm]	Fixing distance between the pipe clamps [m]
64.0	4.00
76.1	4.25
88.9	4.75
108.0	5.00

These distances are manufacturer's specifications. Observe the national regulations for the relevant applications.

Length expansion

Pipelines expand with heat. Heat expansion is dependent on the material. Changes in length lead to tension within the installation. These tensions must be compensated for with suitable measures.

The following are effective:

- Fixed and gliding points
- Expansion equalisation joints (expansion bends)
- Compensators

Heat expansion co-efficients of various pipe materials

Material	Heat expansion co-efficient α [mm/mK]	Example: Length extension with pipe length $L = 20$ m and $\Delta\theta = 50$ K [mm]
Stainless steel 1.4401	0.0165	16.5
Stainless steel 1.4521	0.0104	10.4

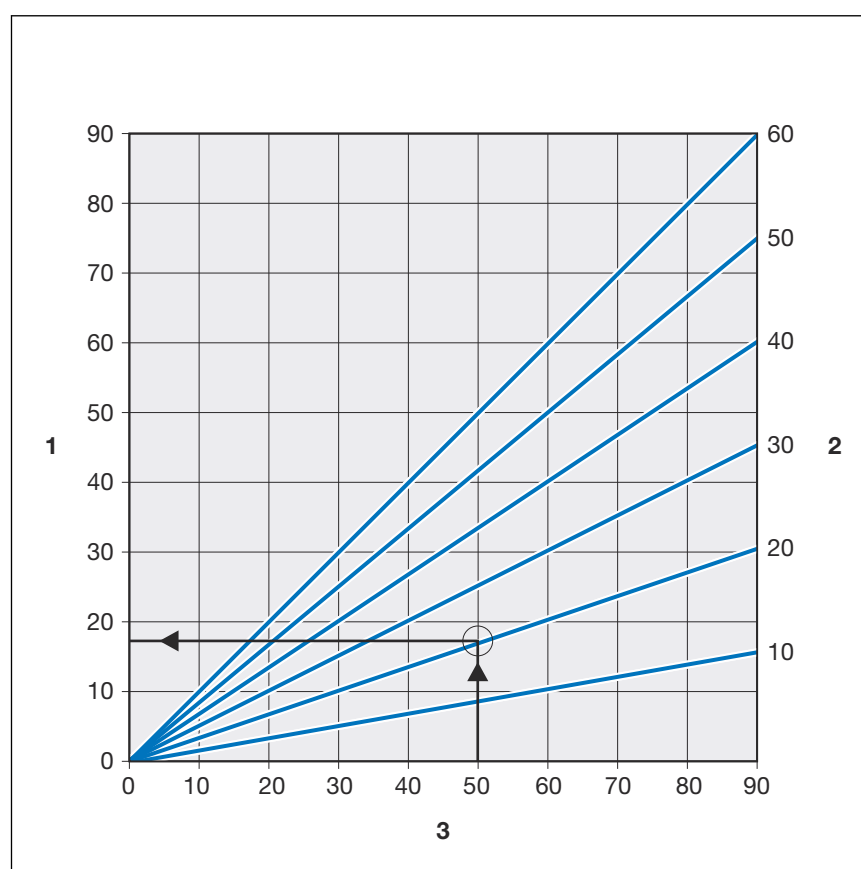


Fig. 2: Length expansion of Sanpress pipes

- 1 - Length expansion Δl [mm]
- 2 - Pipe length l_0 [m]
- 3 - Temperature difference $\Delta\theta$ [K]

The length expansion Δl can be taken from the diagram or can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\Delta l = \alpha \text{ [mm/mK]} \times L \text{ [m]} \times \Delta\theta \text{ [K]}$$

2.3.3 Press connectors

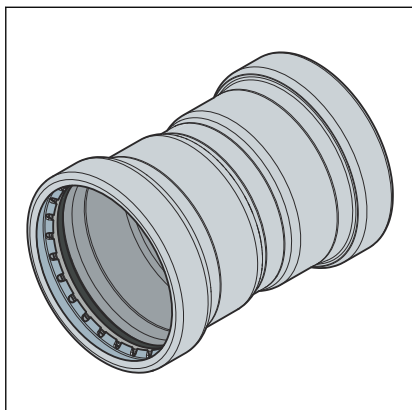


Fig. 3: Press connectors

The press connectors have a cutting ring, a separator ring and a sealing element in the bead. The cutting ring cuts into the pipe during pressing and ensures a force-fit connection.

During installation, and later during the pressing, the separator ring protects the sealing element from damage from the cutting ring.

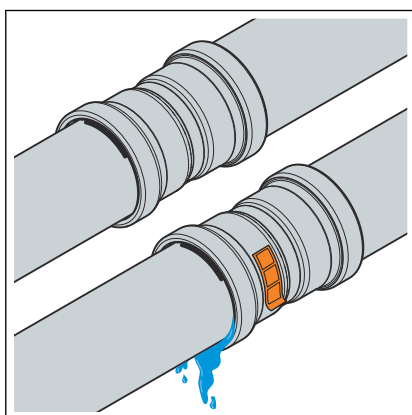


Fig. 4: SC-Contur

Viega press connectors are equipped with the SC-Contur. SC-Contur is a safety mechanism certified by the DVGW and ensures that the press connector leaks in an unpressed state. In this way, inadvertently unpressed connections are noticed during a leakage test.

Viega guarantees that accidentally unpressed connections become visible during a leakage test:

- with the wet leakage test in the pressure range from 0.1–0.65 MPa (1.0–6.5 bar)
- with dry leakage test in the pressure range from 22 hPa–0.3 MPa (22 mbar–3.0 bar)

Smart Connect Feature (SC-Contur)

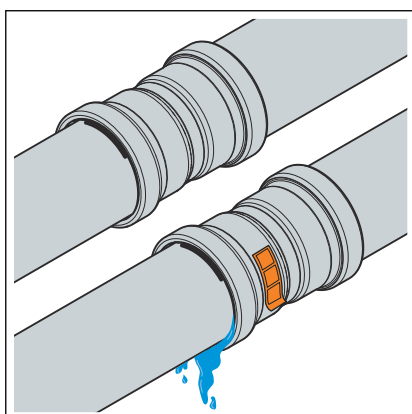


Fig. 5: Smart Connect Feature (SC-Contur)

Viega press connectors are equipped with the Smart Connect Feature (SC-Contur). The Smart Connect Feature (SC-Contur) is a safety mechanism certified by the DVGW and ensures that the press connector leaks in an unpressed state. In this way, inadvertently unpressed connections are noticed immediately when filling the system.

Viega guarantees that accidentally unpressed connections become visible during a leakage test:

- in the case of the wet leakage test, in the pressure range from 100–650 kPa (1.0–6.5 bar)
- in the case of the dry leakage test, in the pressure range from 2.2–300 kPa (22 mbar–3.0 bar)

2.3.4 Sealing elements

The press connectors are factory-fitted with EPDM sealing elements. For areas of use with higher thermal resistance, such as e.g. in the case of district heat supply or low-pressure steam systems, the press connectors must be equipped with FKM sealing elements.

If the collector type (flat / vacuum tube collector) has not yet been determined at the time of laying the connection pipe to the solar-energy installation, Viega recommends using FKM sealing elements in the press connectors.

The sealing elements can be distinguished as follows:

- EPDM sealing elements are polished black.
- FKM sealing elements are matt black.

Area of use of the EPDM sealing element

Area of application	Potable water	Heating	Solar installations	Compressed air	Technical gases
Area of application	all pipeline sections	Pump hot water heating system	Solar circuit	all pipeline sections	all pipeline sections
Operating temperature [T _{max}]	80 °C	105 °C	—	60 °C	—
Comments	According to the applicable regulations³⁾ p_{max}: 1.0 MPa T_{max}: 95 °C t_{max}: < 60 min	pursuant to the applicable regulations²⁾ T_{max}: 105 °C	for flat collectors	dry, oil content < 25 mg / m³ ⁴⁾	¹⁾ ⁴⁾

¹⁾ Consultation with Viega required.

²⁾ see ↗ Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5

³⁾ see ↗ Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5

⁴⁾ See also document "Areas of application for metal installation systems" on the Viega website

Area of use of the FKM sealing element

Area of application	Solar installations	Compressed air
Use	Solar circuit	all pipeline sections
Operating temperature [T _{max}]	¹⁾	60 °C
Operating pressure [P _{max}]	0.6 MPa (600 kPa, 6 bar)	1.6 MPa (1600 kPa, 16 bar)
Comments	For flat / vacuum tube collectors ²⁾	dry ²⁾

¹⁾ Consultation with Viega required.

²⁾ See also document "Areas of application for metal installation systems" on the Viega website



The sealing materials of the press connector system are subject to thermal ageing, which depends on the media temperature and the service life. The higher the media temperature, the faster the thermal ageing of the sealing material progresses. In the case of special operating conditions such as industrial heat recovery systems, it is necessary to compare the specifications of the equipment manufacturer with the specifications of the press connector system.

Before using the press connector system outside the described areas of application or if in doubt about the correct material selection, please contact Viega.

2.3.5 Markings on components

Pipe marking

The pipe markings contain important information regarding the material configuration and manufacture of the pipes. Their meaning is as follows:

- Manufacturer
- System name
- Pipe material
- Certification
- Dimension
- Supplier's mark
- Date of manufacture
- Batch number
- CE marking
- DOP and DOP number
- Manufacturing standard

2.3.6 Mixed installations

In potable water installations, piping components from different metals can have a detrimental effect on each other and cause corrosion, for example. Adapters made of stainless steel, for instance, must not be connected directly to pipes or threaded connectors made of galvanised steel.



Components made of stainless steel and galvanised steel may not be directly connected, thread/adaptor press connectors made of gunmetal/silicon bronze are recommended here.

Please contact Viega for questions on this subject.

2.4 Information for use

2.4.1 Corrosion

Protect the press connector system against excessively high concentrations of chloride generated by both the medium and by external factors.

An excessive chloride concentration can lead to corrosion in stainless steel systems.

Avoid external contact with materials containing chloride

- Insulating materials must not have a water-soluble chloride ion content that exceeds 0.05 %.
- When using closed-cell insulation hoses, carefully seal all abutting and cut edges with a suitable sealing filler.
- Sound insulating inlays on the pipe clamps must not contain leachable chloride.
- Stainless steel pipes must not come into contact with building materials or mortar containing chloride.

If external corrosion protection is required, observe the relevant regulations, see  *Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5.*



The press connector system is suitable for creating potable-water installations in accordance with applicable guidelines, taking into consideration the material selection in accordance with applicable guidelines, see  *Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5.* For use in other areas of application and in case of doubt over the correct material selection, contact the Viega Service Center.

The chloride concentration in the medium must not exceed a maximum value of 250 mg/l.

This chloride is not a disinfectant, but in fact pertains to the content in sea and table salt (sodium chloride).

3 Handling

3.1 Transport

Observe the following when transporting pipes:

- Do not pull the pipes over the sill. The surface could be damaged.
- Secure pipes during transportation. Pipes may become bent due to shifting.
- Do not damage the protective caps on the pipe ends and do not remove them until immediately before mounting. Damaged pipe ends must not be pressed.

3.2 Storage

For storage, comply with the requirements specified in the applicable regulations, see [Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5](#):

- Store components in a clean and dry place.
- Do not store the components directly on the floor.
- Provide at least three points of support for the storage of pipes.
- Where possible, store different sizes separately.
Store small sizes on top of larger sizes if separate storage is not possible.
- Only use stainless steel cleaning agent to clean surfaces.
- Store pipes of different materials separately to prevent contact corrosion.

3.3 Assembly information

3.3.1 Mounting instructions

Checking system components

System components may, in some cases, have become damaged through transportation and storage.

- Check all parts.
- Replace damaged components.
- Do not repair damaged components.
- Contaminated components may not be installed.

3.3.2 Potential equalisation



DANGER! **Danger due to electrical current**

An electric shock can lead to burns and serious injury and even death.

Because all metallic piping systems conduct electricity, unintentional contact with a live part can lead to the whole piping system and components connected to it (e. g. radiators) becoming energised.

- Only allow electrical work to be carried out by qualified electricians.
- Always integrate the metal piping system into the potential equalisation.



It is the fitter of the electrical system who is responsible for ensuring that the potential equalisation is tested and secured.

3.3.3 Permitted exchange of sealing elements



Important instruction

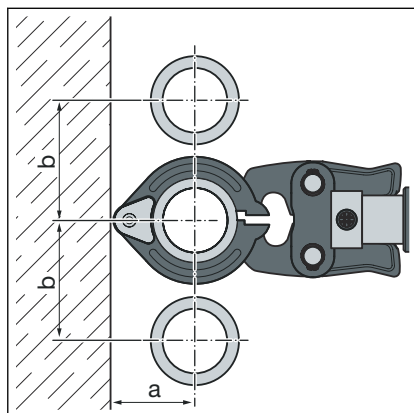
With their material-specific qualities, sealing elements in press connectors are adapted for use with the corresponding media and/or the areas of use of the piping systems and are generally only certified for them.

Exchanging a sealing element is permitted in the following situations:

- if the sealing element in the press connector is obviously damaged and should be exchanged for a Viega spare sealing element made of the same material
- if an EPDM sealing element should be exchanged for an FKM sealing element (higher thermal resistance, e.g. for industrial use)

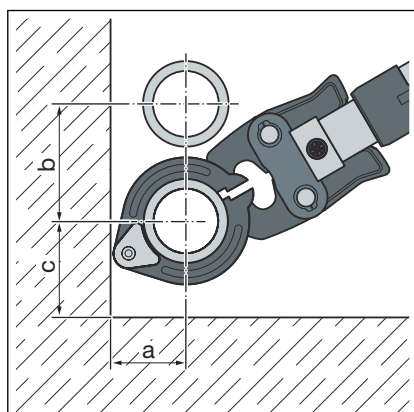
3.3.4 Space requirements and intervals

Pressing between pipelines



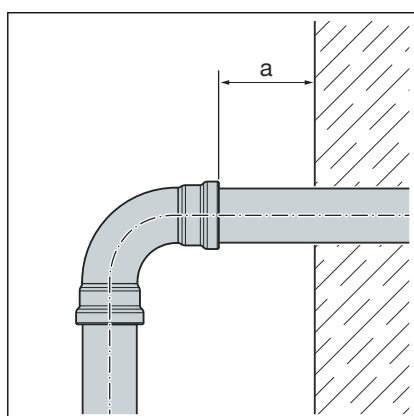
d	64.0	76.1	88.9	108.0
a [mm]	110	110	120	135
b [mm]	185	185	200	215

Pressing between pipe and wall



d	64.0	76.1	88.9	108.0
a [mm]	110	110	120	135
b [mm]	185	185	200	215
c [mm]	130	130	140	155

Wall distance



d	64.0–108.0
Minimum interval a_{min} [mm]	20

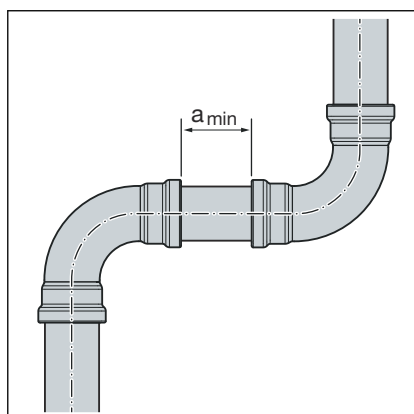
Interval between the pressings



NOTICE!

Leaking press connections due to pipes being too short!

If two press connectors are to be mounted onto a pipe at a short distance apart, the pipe must not be too short. If the pipe is not inserted up to the prescribed insertion depth in the press connector during pressing, the connection may become leaky.



Minimum distance with press rings d64.0 to 108.0

d	a _{min} [mm]
64.0	15
76.1	
88.9	
108.0	

Z dimensions

For the Z dimensions, refer to the respective product page in the online catalogue.

3.3.5 Required tools

The following tools are required for production of a press connection:

- Pipe cutter or a fine-toothed hacksaw
- Deburrer and coloured pen for marking
- press machine with constant pressing force of 32 kN
- Press ring with corresponding hinged adapter jaw, suitable for the pipe diameter and with suitable profile

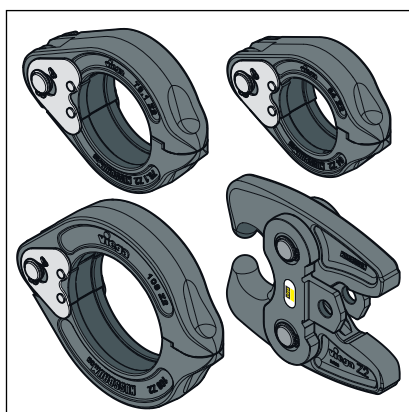


Fig. 6: Press rings and hinged adapter jaw

Press connection



Viega recommends using Viega system press tools for pressing.

The Viega system press tools have been developed and tailored specifically for the installation of Viega press connector systems.

3.4 Assembly

Instruction video



Link to the video:

Pressing the press connector system

3.4.1 Replacing the sealing element



If the collector type (flat / vacuum tube collector) has not yet been determined at the time of laying the connection pipe to the solar-energy installation, Viega recommends using FKM sealing elements in the press connectors. Observe the chapter [Chapter 2.3.4 'Sealing elements'](#) on page 13 .

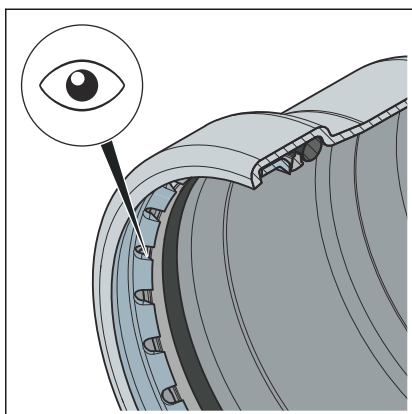


Fig. 7: Cutting ring

Removing the sealing element



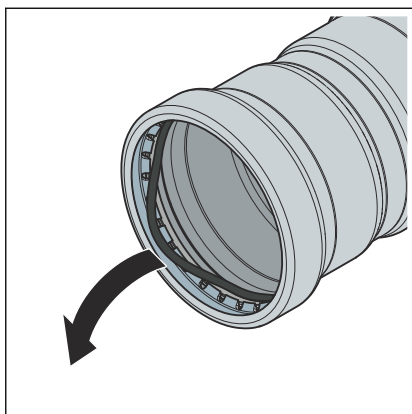
CAUTION! Risk of injury due to sharp edges

There is a separator ring and a sharp-edged cutting ring above the sealing element (see arrow). There is a risk of injury (cutting) when replacing the sealing element.

- Do not reach into the press connector with your bare hands.



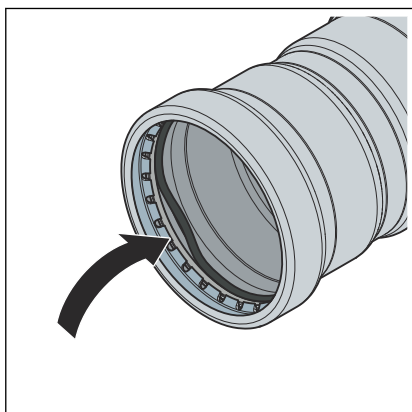
Do not use pointed or sharp-edged objects to remove the sealing element. They may damage the sealing element or the bead.



- Remove the sealing element from the bead, leaving the separator ring in the press connector.

Proceed carefully to avoid damaging the separator ring and sealing element seat.

Inserting the sealing element



- Insert a new, undamaged sealing element into the bead below the separator ring.

Make sure that the sealing element is not damaged by the cutting ring.

- Ensure that the complete sealing element is in the bead.

3.4.2 Cutting pipes to length



NOTICE!

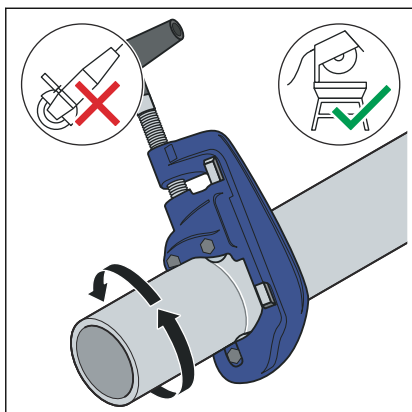
Leaking press connections due to damaged material!

Press connections can become leaky due to damaged pipes or sealing elements.

Observe the following instructions to avoid damage to pipes and sealing elements:

- Do not use cutting discs (angle grinders) or flame cutters when cutting to length.
- Do not use grease or oils (e. g. cutting oil).

For information about tools, also see [Chapter 3.3.5 'Required tools'](#) on page 20.



- Cut the pipe at a right angle as accurately as possible using a pipe cutter or a fine-toothed hacksaw to ensure correct and even pipe insertion depth.

Avoid grooves on the pipe surface.

3.4.3 Deburring the pipes

The pipe ends must be thoroughly deburred internally and externally after cutting.

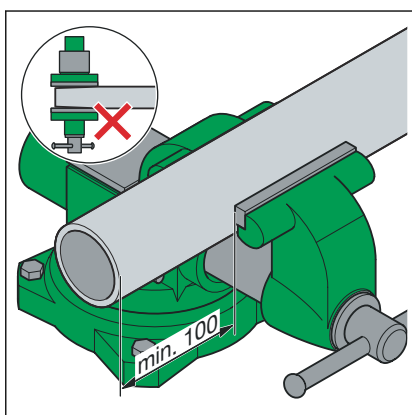
Deburring prevents the sealing element being damaged or the that the press connector cants when mounted. Viega recommends using a deburrer (model 2292.4XL).



NOTICE!

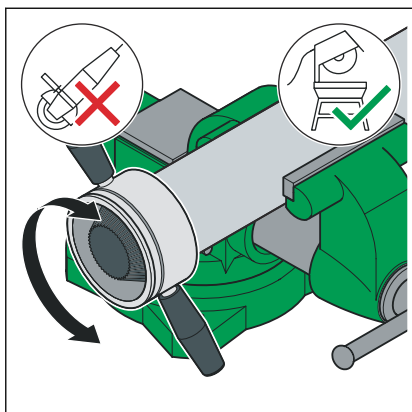
Damage due to the wrong tool!

Do not use sanding disks or similar tools when deburring. The pipes could be damaged by these.



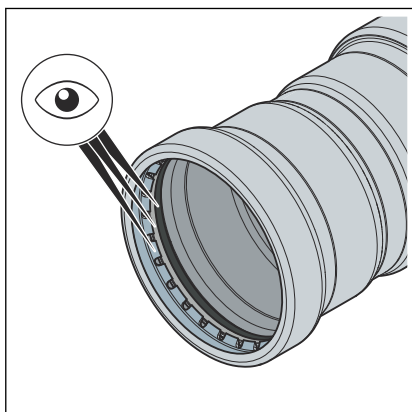
- Secure the pipe in the vice.
- When clamping, leave an interval of at least 100 mm (a) to the pipe end.

The pipe ends must not be bent or damaged.



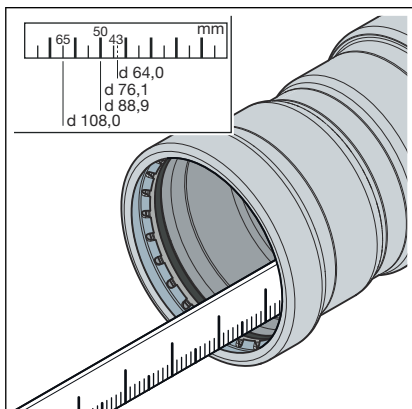
► Deburr the inside and outside of the pipe.

3.4.4 Pressing the connection



Requirements:

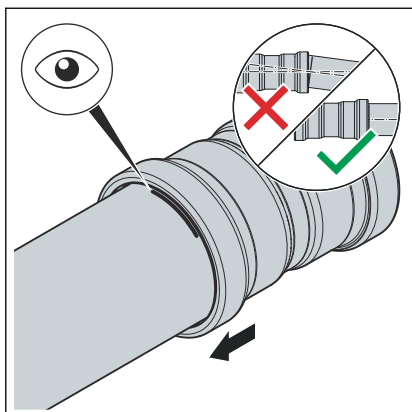
- The pipe end is not bent or damaged.
- The pipe is deburred.
- The correct sealing element is in the press connector.
- Sealing element, separator ring and cutting ring are undamaged.
- The complete sealing element, separator ring and cutting ring are in the bead.



► Measure the insertion depth in the press connector.

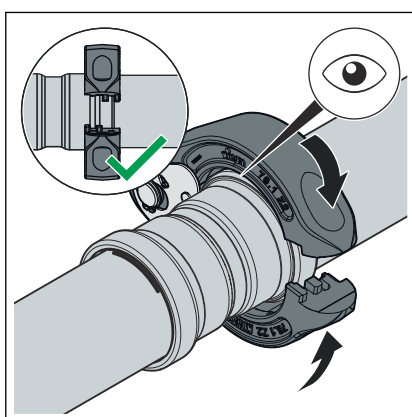
d [mm]	Insertion depth [mm]
64.0	43
76.1	50
88.9	50
108.0	65

► Mark the insertion depth on the pipe.

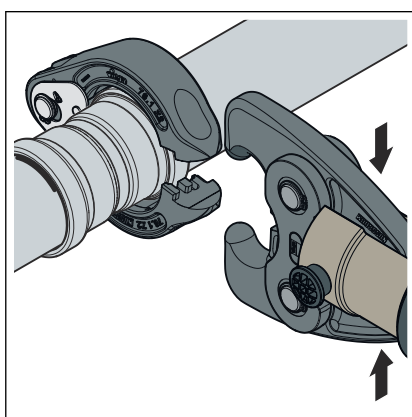


- Push the press connector up to the marked insertion depth on the pipe. Do not twist the press connector.
- Place the hinged adapter jaw onto the press machine and push the retaining bolt in until it clicks into place.

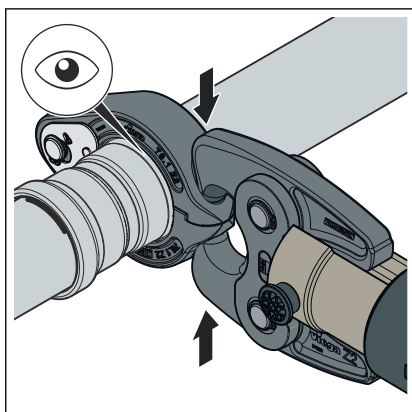
INFO! Observe the press tool instruction manual.



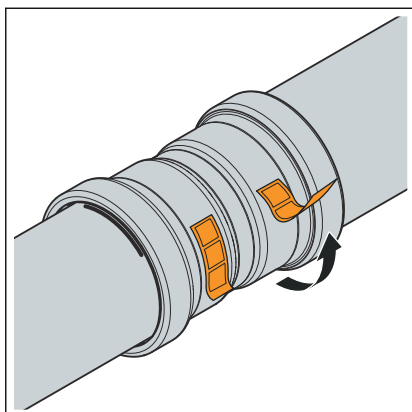
- Place the press ring onto the press connector. The press ring must completely cover the outside ring of the press connector.



- Open the hinged adapter jaw.



- Position the hinged adapter jaw into the seat of the press ring.
- Carry out the pressing process.
- Open the hinged adapter jaw and remove the press ring.



■ Remove the checking strip.

□ The connection is marked as having been pressed.

3.4.5 Flange connections

In the press connector system shown, flange connections in sizes 22 to 54 mm are possible.

In the press connector system shown, flange connections in sizes 64.0 to 108.0 mm are possible.

The assembly of flange connections may only be carried out by qualified personnel. Personnel can be qualified to assemble flange connections on the basis of applicable directives, for example; see [Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations'](#) on page 5.

- A corresponding training section on proper flange connection assembly in vocational training (of staff/specialist personnel) with qualified completion as well as successful regular application are considered as sufficient proof.
- Other employees without the appropriate technical training (e.g. operating personnel) who are to install flange connections must be provided with technical knowledge through training measures (theoretical and practical); this must be documented.

washers

The advantages of using hardened washers are:

- Defined friction surface during assembly.
- Defined unevenness in calculation and thus reduction of the scattering of the tightening torque, whereby a greater hexagon screw force can be achieved mathematically.

Flange types

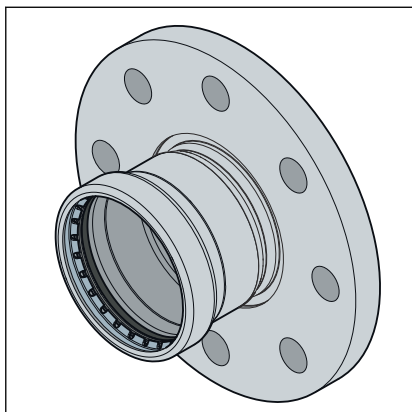


Fig. 8: Fixed flange

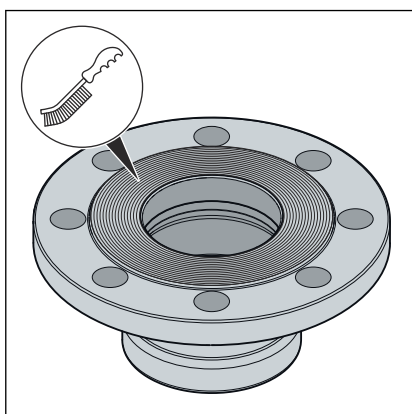
Fixed flange

- Steel, stainless
- Press connection made of stainless steel
- Model 2359XL: 64.0 to 108.0 mm

Establishing a flange connection



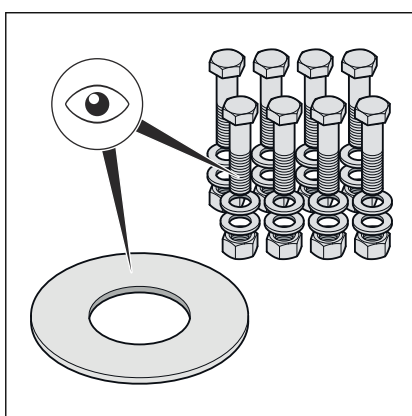
Always make the flange connection first and then the press connection.



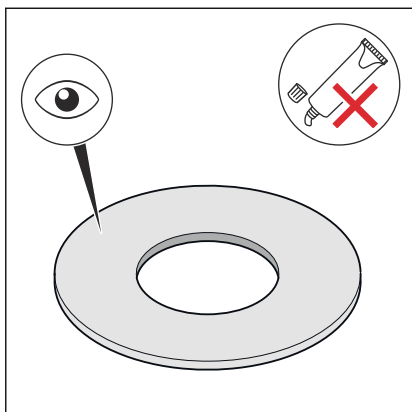
- If necessary, remove any temporary coatings on the flange sealing surfaces without leaving any residue before assembly, using cleaning agents and a suitable wire brush.

NOTICE! When replacing seals, make sure to remove the old seal completely from the flange sealing surface without damaging the flange sealing surface.

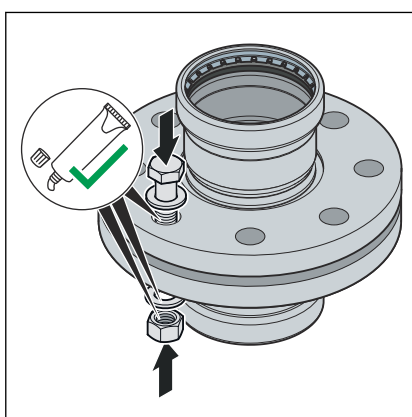
- Ensure that the flange sealing surfaces are clean, undamaged and even. In particular, there must not be any radial surface damage such as grooves or impact marks.



- The hexagon screws, nuts and washers must be clean and undamaged and comply with the specifications for minimum hexagon screw length and strength class, see **'Required tightening torques'** on page 30.
- During disassembly, replace removed hexagon screws, nuts and washers with new ones if damaged.



- The gasket must be clean, undamaged and dry. Do not use adhesives and assembly pastes for gaskets.
- Do not reuse used seals.
- Do not use gaskets with kinks as they pose a safety risk.
- Ensure that gaskets are free from faults and defects and that the manufacturer's specifications are complied with.

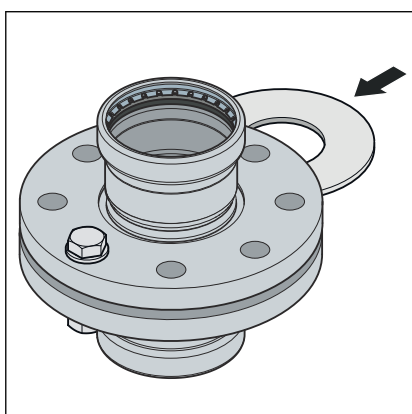


- Lubricate the following flange elements with suitable lubricant:

- Hexagon screw thread
- Washer
- Nut support

NOTICE! Observe the manufacturer's information on the application and temperature range of the lubricant.

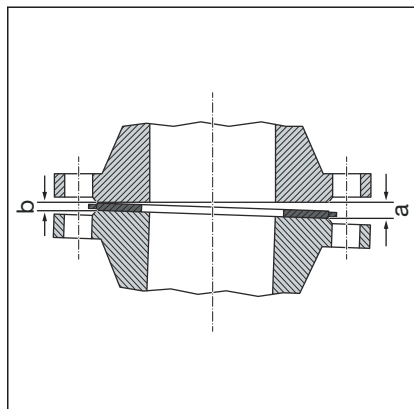
Install and centre the sealing element



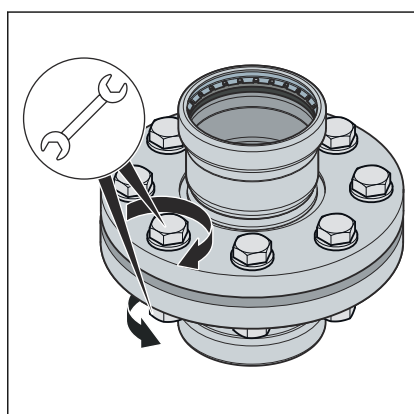
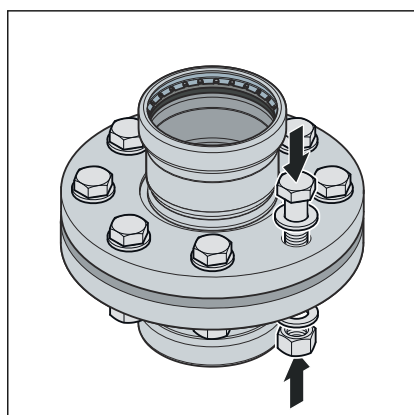
The correct assembly of flange connections requires parallel aligned flange blades without an offset centre that allow the sealing element to be inserted in the correct position without damage.

- Press the sealing surfaces far enough apart so that the seal can be inserted without force and without damage.

The gap (out-of-parallelism of the sealing surfaces) before tightening the hexagon screws is not critical if the permissible gap is not exceeded.



Systematics for tightening hexagon screws



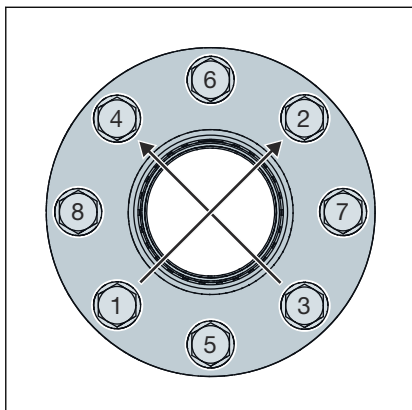
DN	Permissible gap a-b [mm]
50–100	0.6

- Remove the gap from the gaping side (a).
- In case of doubt, tighten the flanges without inserting a seal by tightening the hexagon screws to achieve parallelism and a sealing surface distance of approx. 10 % of the nominal torque.
- The gap is not permissible if the flange position cannot be achieved without great effort.

- The order in which the hexagon screws and nuts are tightened has a significant influence on the force distribution acting on the seal (surface pressure). Incorrect tightening leads to a high dispersion of the pretensioning forces and can result in the required minimum surface pressure not being reached and even in leaks.
- After tightening the nut, at least two but no more than five threads should protrude from the end of the hexagon screw.
- Prepare the hexagon screws by hand, observing the following:
 - Install the hexagon screws so that all the hexagon screw heads are on one flange side.
 - For horizontally arranged flanges, insert the hexagon screws from above.
 - Replace stiff hexagon screws with easy-running ones.

- The simultaneous use of several tightening tools is possible.

Suit order



- Tighten all hexagon screws crosswise with 30 % of the nominal tightening torque.
- Tighten all hexagon screws as described in step 1 with 60 % of the nominal tightening torque.
- Tighten all hexagon screws as described in step 1 with 100 % of the nominal tightening torque.
- Tighten all hexagon screws again with the full nominal tightening torque. Repeat this process until the nuts can no longer be turned when the full tightening torque is applied.

Required tightening torques

Tightening torques for Sanpress Inox XL flange adapters PN 10/16

Model	DN	Article number	Thread	Min. required tightening torque [Nm]	Max. permissible tightening torque [Nm]	Hexagon screw length [mm]	Strength class
2359XL	50	616 809 ¹	M16	87	142	70	A2 - 70
	65	482 978 ¹		51	112		
	80	482 985 ¹		64	144		
	100	482 992 ¹		131	144		

The specifications for meeting the requirements of tightness class L0,01 (TA Luft) were calculated according to the applicable standard and apply exclusively when using Viega articles; see also [Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations'](#) on page 5.

¹ For use with mounting set article number 583682

Disconnecting the flange adapter

Before starting to disassemble an existing flange connection, get approval and a work permit from the responsible company, if necessary, observing the following:

- The system section must be depressurised and completely flushed.
- Secure built-in or attached parts that are not held separately before loosening the flange connection. This also applies to fastening systems such as spring hangers and supports.
- Start loosening hexagon screws or nuts on the side facing away from the body, loosen the remaining hexagon screws slightly and only disassemble completely when you have ensured that the piping system does not present a risk. If a pipeline is under tension, there is a risk of the pipeline rupturing.
- Loosen the hexagon screws or nuts crosswise in at least two passes.
- Close open ends of strands with dummy plugs.
- Transport disassembled pipelines only in closed condition.
- When replacing gaskets, make sure to remove the old gasket completely from the flange sealing surface without damaging the flange sealing surface.



NOTICE!

Caution when using an angle grinder!

When loosening defective hexagon screws and nuts with the help of an angle grinder, sparks are produced that can burn into the pipe material and cause corrosion.

3.4.6 Leakage test

The installer must perform a leakage test before commissioning.

Carry out this test on a system that is finished but not covered yet.

Observe the applicable directives, see ↗ *Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5.*

Also carry out the leakage test for non-potable water installations in accordance with the applicable directives, see ↗ *Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5.*

Document the result.

3.5 Maintenance

Observe the applicable regulations for the operation and maintenance of potable water installations, see ↗ *Chapter 2.1 'Standards and regulations' on page 5.*

3.6 Disposal

Separate the product and packaging materials (e. g. paper, metal, plastic or non-ferrous metals) and dispose of in accordance with valid national legal requirements.



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